

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept. 2020
Engineering Mathematics – III

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART – A

- 1 a. Find the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x(2\pi - x)$ over the interval $(0, 2\pi)$ and hence deduce that $\frac{\pi^2}{12} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2}$ (07 Marks)
- b. Obtain the half range Fourier cosine series for the function :

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} Kx & ; 0 \leq x \leq \frac{l}{2} \\ K(l-x) & ; \frac{l}{2} \leq x \leq l \end{cases}$$
 Where K is a constant. (07 Marks)
- c. Obtain the constant term and co-efficient of first cosine and sine terms in the expansion of y from the following table :

x	0	$\pi/3$	$2\pi/3$	π	$4\pi/3$	$5\pi/3$	2π
y	1.98	1.30	1.05	1.30	-0.88	-0.25	1.98

(06 Marks)

- 2 a. Find the Fourier transform of the function :

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } |x| \leq a \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| > a \end{cases}$$
 and hence evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$. (07 Marks)
- b. Find the Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = \frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$, $a > 0, x > 0$. (07 Marks)
- c. Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = e^{-ax}$; $a > 0$. (06 Marks)
- 3 a. Obtain the various possible solutions of one dimensional heat equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ by the method of separation of variables. (07 Marks)
- b. Obtain the D'Alembert's solution of the wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions, $u(x, 0) = f(x)$ and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) = 0$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve the wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, $0 < x < \pi$, under the conditions :
 i) $u(0, t) = u(\pi, t) = 0$
 ii) $u(x, 0) = 0$
 iii) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) = A(\sin x - \sin 2x)$, $A \neq 0$. (06 Marks)

- 4 a. Fit a parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ by the method of least squares for the following data :

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	1	0.8	1.3	2.5	6.3

(07 Marks)

- b. Minimize $Z = 5x + 4y$

Subject to the constraints : $x + 2y \geq 10$
 $x + y \geq 8$
 $2x + y \geq 12$
 $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$

by Graphical method.

(06 Marks)

- c. Use Simplex method to

Maximize $Z = 2x + 4y$

Subject to the constraints $3x + y \leq 22$
 $2x + 3y \leq 24$
 $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$.

(07 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Using the Newton's-Raphson method, find an approximate root of the equation $x \log_{10}x = 1.2$ that lies near 2.5 correct to four decimal places. (07 Marks)

- b. Apply the Gauss – Seidel iterative method to solve the system of equations :

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 2y + z &= 12 \\ x + 4y + 2z &= 15 \\ x + 2y + 5z &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

carryout four iterations, taking the initial approximation to the solution as $(1, 0, 3)$. (07 Marks)

- c. Using Rayleigh's power method to find the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector of the matrix :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ taking } [1, 1, 1]^T \text{ as the initial eigen vector. Perform five iterations.}$$

(06 Marks)

- 6 a. A function $y = f(x)$ is given by the following table :

x	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0
$y = f(x)$	0.00	0.128	0.544	1.296	2.432	4.00

Find $f(1.1)$ using suitable interpolation formula. (07 Marks)

- b. Fit a polynomial for the following data, using Newton's divided difference formula. Hence find $f(8)$ and $f(15)$.

x	4	5	7	10	11	13
$f(x)$	48	100	294	900	1210	2028

(07 Marks)

- c. By using Simpson's $\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^{\text{th}}$ rule with $h = 0.2$, find the approximate area under the curve

$$y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1} \text{ between the orinates } x = 1 \text{ and } x = 2.8. \quad (06 \text{ Marks})$$

- 7 a. Solve Laplace's equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$ for the following square Mesh with boundary values as shown in the following Fig.Q7(a).

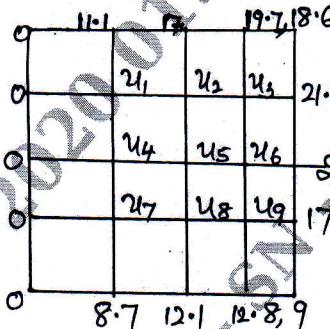


Fig.Q7(a)

(07 Marks)

- b. Solve the wave equation $4\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}$ given $u(0, t) = u(5, t) = 0, t \geq 0, u(x, 0) = x(5 - x), \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, 0) = 0, 0 < x < 5$. Find u at $t = 2$ given $h = 1, K = 0.5$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve numerically the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions $u(0, t) = 0 = u(1, t), t \geq 0$ and $u(x, 0) = \sin \pi x, 0 \leq x \leq 1$. Carryout computations for two levels taking $h = \frac{1}{3}$ and $K = \frac{1}{36}$. (06 Marks)

- 8 a. Find the Z-transforms of :

$$\text{i) } \cos n \theta \quad \text{ii) } \sin n \theta.$$

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the inverse z - transform of :

$$\frac{4z^2 - 2z}{z^2 - 5z^2 + 8z - 4}.$$

(07 Marks)

- c. Solve the difference equation :

$$u_{n+2} + 3u_{n+1} + 2u_n = 3^n \text{ with } u_0 = 0, u_1 = 1$$

using Z-transforms.

(07 Marks)
